

ORDER IN COUNCIL.—No 1657.
MADE UNDER
THE QUARANTINE LAW, 1932.

W. D. BATTEESHILL,
Acting Governor.

In exercise of the powers vested in the Governor by the Quarantine Law, 1932, His Excellency the Acting Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, is pleased to make and hereby makes the following Regulations :—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Quarantine (Public Health) Regulations, 1935. ¹

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] ΙΑ. Για τους σκοπούς των παρόντων Κανονισμών, εκτός εάν απο το κείμενο προκύπτει διαφορετική έννοια—

'δεδομένα προσωπικού χαρακτήρα' έχει την έννοια που αποδίδει στον όρο αυτό ο περί Επεξεργασίας Δεδομένων Προσωπικού Χαρακτήρα (Προστασία του Ατόμου) Νόμος του 2001.

'Διευθυντής' σημαίνει το Διευθυντή Ιατρικών Υπηρεσιών και Υπηρεσιών Δημόσιας Υγείας.

[Αναστέλλεται όσον αφορά ασθένεια Measles από Μ.Ρ. 980/35 27/10/1942] 2. [Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] « (1)» Every Medical Practitioner shall, without delay, report to the nearest Government Medical Officer, of the District or Locality in which he may reside, the case of any person he may know, or suspect to be suffering from any disease mentioned in the First Schedule hereto.

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] «(2) Η δήλωση που αναφέρεται στην παράγραφο (1) θα γίνεται με τη συμπλήρωση του κατάλληλου εντύπου που περιλαμβάνεται στο Παράρτημα IV, και το οποίο θα αποστέλλεται στον Πρώτο ή Υπεύθυνο Ιατρικό Λειτουργό κάθε Επαρχίας ή Νοσοκομείου, ο οποίος θα είναι υπεύθυνος για τη διερεύνηση των περιστατικών, καθώς και τη μεταβίβαση του εντύπου χωρίς καθυστέρηση στο Διευθυντή.

¹ [περί Λοιμοκαθάρσεως (Δημόσια Υγεία) Κανονισμοί του 1935]

(3) Στην περίπτωση της Λοίμωξης HIV ή AIDS, η δήλωση, που αναφέρεται στην παράγραφο (1), θα γίνεται με τη συμπλήρωση του ειδικού εντύπου, που καθορίζεται στο Παράρτημα V, από ιατρό ή άτομο εξουσιοδοτημένο από αυτό απευθείας στο Διευθυντή.

(4) Στην περίπτωση των ασθενειών που σημειώνονται με αστερίσκο στο Παράρτημα I ή σε περίπτωση επιδημιών, η δήλωση θα πρέπει να γίνεται άμεσα και ταυτόχρονα προς το Διευθυντή και τον Πρώτο ή Υπεύθυνο Ιατρικό Λειτουργό.»

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] «2Α.—(1) Ο Διευθυντής οργανώνει το Δίκτυο Επιδημιολογικής Επιτήρησης και Ελέγχου Λοιμωδών Νοσημάτων, (στο εξής θα αναφέρεται ως δίκτυο) στο οποίο περιλαμβάνονται όλα τα στοιχεία και οι πληροφορίες που καταγράφονται στα έντυπα που του διαβιβάζονται με βάση τον Κανονισμό 2.

(2) Πρόσβαση στο δίκτυο μπορεί να έχει μόνο ο Διευθυντής ή εξουσιοδοτημένος για το σκοπό αυτό λειτουργός.

(3) Σκοπός της δημιουργίας του δικτύου που αναφέρεται στην παράγραφο (1), είναι:

(α) Η παρακολούθηση, καταγραφή και ανάλυση των δεδομένων για σκοπούς ελέγχου, πρόληψης και περιορισμού των λοιμωδών νοσημάτων στη Δημοκρατία, και

(β) η παροχή πληροφοριών, υπό τη μορφή στατιστικών δεδομένων, στις αρμόδιες αρχές κρατών μελών της Ευρωπαϊκής Ένωσης για σκοπούς ελέγχου, πρόληψης και περιορισμού των λοιμωδών νοσημάτων στο έδαφος της Ευρωπαϊκής Ένωσης.

(4) Οι πληροφορίες που καταχωρούνται στο δίκτυο διατηρούνται ενοποιημένες για τη χρονική περίοδο που θεωρείται απαραίτητη για την εξυπηρέτηση των σκοπών που αναφέρονται στην παράγραφο (2), εκτός από τα δεδομένα προσωπικού χαρακτήρα τα οποία αποσυνδέονται από το δίκτυο μετά την πάροδο 2 χρόνων από την ημέρα συλλογής τους.

(5) Οι διατάξεις του περί Επεξεργασίας Δεδομένων Προσωπικού Χαρακτήρα (Προστασία του Ατόμου) Νόμου του 2001, εφαρμόζονται σε σχέση με τη συλλογή και επεξεργασία στοιχείων με βάση τους παρόντες Κανονισμούς.»

[Αναστέλλεται όσον αφορά ασθένεια Measles από Μ.Ρ. 980/35 27/10/1942] 3. Every hotel-keeper and every person in whose hotel or house there may be any person who may reasonably be suspected of being affected with any of the diseases mentioned in the First Schedule hereto shall immediately give notice of such disease or suspected disease to the Mukhtar of his village or quarter or to the nearest Government Medical Officer.

[διαγράφηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] [Αναστέλλεται όσον αφορά ασθένεια Measles από Μ.Ρ. 980/35 27/10/1942] ~~4. Every Mukhtar of a village or quarter of a town or village shall report without delay to the nearest Government Medical Officer, or to the nearest Police Station, or to the Commissioner, any case or suspected case of any disease mentioned in the First Schedule which may come to his notice or which has been notified to him by any person in his village or quarter.~~

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] [Αναστέλλεται όσον αφορά ασθένεια Measles από Μ.Ρ. 980/35 27/10/1942] «4. Ο Πρόεδρος Κοινοτικού Συμβουλίου ή ενορίας πόλεως οφείλει χωρίς καθυστέρηση να ενημερώσει τον πλησιέστερο Ιατρικό Λειτουργό για οποιαδήποτε περίπτωση ατόμου που Παράρτημα ι. πάσχει από νόσημα που αναφέρεται στο Παράρτημα Ι, η οποία περιήλθε σε γνώση του.».

5. The Senior Medical Officer may:—

- (a) Establish suitable places as isolation stations or hospitals for the reception of any person suffering from, or who has been exposed to infection or contagion from any dangerous infectious disease and provide suitable litters and vehicles for the transport of any such person and where necessary, suitable place for the reception and interment of any person who dies from any such disease:
- (b) Establish temporary places of refuge for the healthy, during the prevalence of a dangerous infectious disease in particular localities.
- (c) Provide in suitable places proper premises for the disinfection or destruction of any bedding, clothing or other articles which have become infected or are suspected of being infected by any dangerous infectious disease.
- (d) Destroy or disinfect and return after disinfection any such bedding, clothing, or other article free of charge,

[Διαγράφηκε από Μ.Ρ. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] ~~6.—(1) The Senior Medical Officer or Government Medical Officer authorized by him in that behalf if satisfied:—~~

- ~~(a) that any house, hotel, khan or any other premises used for habitation is in such a filthy or unwholesome condition that the health of any person is affected or endangered thereby, or~~
- ~~(b) that the cleansing and disinfecting of any house, hotel, khan, or any other premises used for habitation and of any article therein or the destruction of such article would tend to prevent the occurrence or check the spread of any dangerous infectious disease,~~

~~may serve a notice on the occupier of such house, hotel, khan or other premises used for habitation that such house, hotel, khan or premises and such articles therein shall be cleansed and disinfected or the article destroyed by the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer at the cost of the occupier at such time as may be specified in the notice unless within one hour from the service of the notice, he informs the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer that he will, within the time specified in the notice, himself cleanse and disinfect the house, hotel, khan or premises and disinfect or destroy such articles to the satisfaction of the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer.~~

- ~~(2) If in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer or a Government Medical Officer authorized by him in that behalf there is an urgent necessity for cleansing and disinfecting any house, hotel, khan or any other premises used for habitation or any article therein which is likely to retain infection or for the destruction of any such article ; or if the occupier does not inform, within one hour from in the service of the notice hereinbefore provided, the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer of his intention to comply with the notice as aforesaid; or having given information as aforesaid such person fails to have the house, hotel, khan or premises and any such articles in respect of which a notice has been given cleansed and disinfected or the articles destroyed within the time fixed in the notice such house, hotel, khan, or premises, and such articles may be cleansed and disinfected or such articles may be destroyed by the Government Medical Officer in charge of that area or any person authorized by him.~~
- ~~(3) Any expenses incurred under this regulation by the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer or any person authorized by him shall be recoverable from the occupier of the house, hotel, khan or other premises unless in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer the occupier is from poverty or any other cause unable to pay such expenses in which case it will be defrayed from the general revenue of the Colony.~~
- ~~(4) For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this regulation the Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer or any person authorized by him in that behalf may enter between the hours of sunrise and sunset any house, hotel, khan or other premises used for habitation, and if the occupier obstructs or prevents such entry, or it is impossible otherwise to effect the entry, it shall be lawful for such authorized officer in the presence of a Police Officer or Mukhtar to break open the house, hotel, khan or premises for the purpose of entry.~~

[Προστέθηκε από Μ.Ρ. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] "6.—(1) The Director of Medical Services or a Government Medical Officer authorized by him in that behalf if satisfied:—

- (a) that any house, hotel, khan, or any other premises used for habitation, or any mine, factory, workshop or any place where people are employed, is in such a filthy or unwholesome condition that the health of any person is affected or endangered thereby, or
- (b) that the cleansing and disinfecting of any house, hotel, khan, or any other premises used for habitation, or any mine, factory, workshop or any place where people are employed and of any article therein or the destruction of such article would tend to prevent the occurrence or check the spread of any dangerous infectious disease,

may serve a notice on the occupier of such house, hotel, khan, or other premises used for habitation, or on the owner, director or manager of such mine, factory, workshop or place where people are employed that such house, hotel, khan, mine, factory, workshop, or premises and such articles therein shall be cleansed and disinfected or the articles destroyed by the Director of Medical Services or the Government Medical Officer at the cost of the occupier, owner, director, or manager at such time as may be specified in the notice' unless within one hour from the service of the notice, he informs the Director of Medical Services or the Government Medical Officer that he will, within the time specified in the notice, himself cleanse and disinfect the house, hotel, khan, mine, factory, workshop, or premises and disinfect or destroy such articles to the satisfaction of the Director of Medical Services or the Government Medical Officer.

- (2) If in the opinion of the Director of Medical Services or a Government Medical Officer authorized by him in that behalf there is an urgent necessity for cleansing and disinfecting any house, hotel, khan, or any other premises used for habitation, or any mine, factory, workshop, or any other place where people are employed, or any article therein which is likely to retain infection or for the destruction of any such article ; or if the occupier, owner, director, or manager does not inform, within one hour from the service of the notice hereinbefore provided, the Director of Medical Services or the Government Medical Officer of his intention to comply with the notice as aforesaid; or having given information as aforesaid such person fails to have the house, hotel, khan, mine, factory, workshop, or premises and any such articles in respect of which a notice has been given cleansed and disinfected or the articles destroyed within the time fixed in the notice such house, hotel, khan, mine, factory, workshop, or premises, and such articles may be cleansed and disinfected or such articles may be destroyed by the Government Medical Officer or any person authorized by him.

- (3) Any expenses incurred under this regulation by the Director of Medical Services or the Government Medical Officer or any person authorized by him shall be recoverable from the occupier of the house, hotel, khan , or other premises, or from the owner, director, or manager of the mine, factory, workshop, or place unless in the opinion of the Director of Medical Services the occupier, owner, director, or manager is from poverty or any other cause unable to pay such expenses in which case it will be defrayed from the general revenue of the Colony.
- (4) For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this regulation the Director of Medical Services or any Government Medical Officer or any person authorized by him in that behalf may enter between the hours of sunrise and sunset any house, hotel, khan, or other premises used for habitation, or any mine, factory, workshop, or place where people are employed, at any time work is being carried on in such mine , factory, workshop or place, and if the occupier, owner, director, or manager obstructs or prevents such entry, or if it is impossible otherwise to effect the entry, it shall be lawful for the Director of Medical Services or a Government Medical Officer or such authorized person in the presence of a Police Officer or Mukhtar to break open the house, hotel, khan, mine, factory, workshop, or premises for the purpose of entry .»
7. The Senior Medical Officer may provide, when necessary, free of charge, temporary shelter or house accommodation for the members of any family in which any dangerous infectious disease has appeared who have been compelled to leave their dwellings for the purpose of enabling such dwellings to be disinfected.
8. The Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him may cause a person who is suffering or suspected to be suffering from any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the First Schedule hereto to be isolated in the same house in which the patient is, until he is satisfied that the patient is no longer infectious, if, in his opinion, such house or part of a house is so situated as to permit of the effectual isolation of the patients therein, and such house during such isolation shall be deemed to be an isolation station. If in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer, or the Government Medical Officer authorized by him, the patient cannot be effectually isolated in such house, the Senior Medical Officer or Government Medical Officer may cause the patient to be removed by force, if necessary, to an isolation station or hospital to be there isolated until the Senior Medical Officer or Medical Officer in charge of such isolation station or hospital is satisfied that the patient is no longer infectious. Any Police Officer, Sanitary Inspector, or any person authorized by the Senior Medical Officer engaged or aiding and assisting in such removal may for the purpose of such removal enter into any house or building in which such patient is found and may break open any door in such house or building.

9. Any Government Medical Officer may cause the immediate attendants of any such patient and other contacts to be isolated in the same house or building in which the patient is isolated or in such other isolation station as he shall think fit. The period of such isolation of such attendants or other contacts shall be fixed by the .Senior Medical Officer.

[διαγράφηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] ~~10. The Senior Medical Officer may require all contacts who have been exposed to infection from smallpox, typhoid, diphtheria, cholera to be vaccinated or inoculated or to be re-vaccinated or re-inoculated by a Government Medical Officer. Provided that any person can have such vaccination or inoculation done by any Medical Practitioner to the satisfaction of the Government Medical Officer.~~

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] «10. Ο Διευθυντής ή εξουσιοδοτημένος από αυτό λειτουργός δύναται—

(α) Να ζητήσει από όλους που έχουν έλθει σε επαφή με μολυσματική ασθένεια να εξετασθούν από Κυβερνητικό Ιατρό και όσοι κριθεί αναγκαίο να εμβολιαστούν ή επανεμβολιαστούν, ή

(β) να ζητήσει εμβολιασμό ή επανεμβολιασμό ατόμων όταν κρίνει αυτό αναγκαίο για λόγους Δημόσιας Υγείας.»,

11. A contact may be liberated or exempted from isolation by a Government Medical Officer if such officer is satisfied that it is reasonably probable that the contact will duly comply with the instructions given to him.

12. No person shall, without the permission of the Medical Officer in charge previously obtained, enter any house or premises, in which a patient has died of a dangerous infectious disease before such house or premises shall have been disinfected and no person shall without such permission enter or quit any isolation station in which a patient or contact is isolated. Any person so entering or quitting any such house or premises or isolation station shall be liable to be dealt with as a contact, in addition to any penalty which he may incur for any contravention of this regulation.

13. The Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him has power to declare any premises within which any person is suffering from a dangerous infectious disease to be an infected place by causing a notice to that effect to be fixed to some prominent portion of such premises, and by causing, if he thinks fit, a yellow flag to be flown from a pole or staff to be fixed to such premises or erected thereon and by causing after sunset a lamp shewing a red light to be hung at the entrance to such premises, and no person shall be allowed to enter or leave such infected place, or to remove such notice, flag, lamp or any article or goods therefrom without the permission of the Government Medical Officer or such other person authorized by the Senior Medical Officer to give such permission.

14. The Senior Medical Officer or any person authorized by him may:—

- (a) enter any house or premises in which a patient is or has been suffering from any dangerous infectious disease, for the purpose of destroying noxious insects, rats or any other vermin therein and of preventing or guarding against the entry or escape of noxious insects, rats or any other vermin therein or therefrom; and
- (b) enter any house or premises which in his opinion is within the range of infection from a house or premises in which a patient is or has been suffering from any dangerous infectious disease for the purpose of taking any steps he may deem necessary for disinfecting and screening any such house or premises; and
- (c) prescribe measures for disinfection and cleaning of houses, rooms, wells, cesspits or other things or the destruction of any clothing or other articles which have been used by or about the person or in the room of any such infected person and for the proper disposal of all discharges, excreta, refuse, and any infected matter and for the destruction of any vermin that may be or is likely to be the cause of spread of any dangerous infectious disease.

[Διαγράφηκε από M.P. 1748/11/2.) 15/1/1937] ~~15. In case of an outbreak of plague, cholera, typhus or smallpox the Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him may order the evacuation of any house which in his opinion is within the range of infection or may order the isolation and keeping isolated of any part of any town, village lane or street in any part of any town or village.~~

[Προστέθηκε από M.P. 1748/11/2.) 15/1/1937] [Διαγράφηκε από M.P. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] ~~15. In case of an outbreak of plague, cholera, typhus, smallpox, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis or diphtheria the Director of Medical Services or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him may order the evacuation of any house which in his opinion is within the range of infection or may order the isolation and keeping isolated of any town or village or part of any town or village, or any lane or street in an y part of any town or village."~~

[Προστέθηκε από Μ.Ρ. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] «15. In case of an outbreak of any of the diseases mentioned in the First Schedule hereto the Director of Medical Services or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him may—

- (a) order the evacuation of any house which in his opinion is within the range of infection;
- (b) order the isolation and keeping isolated of any town or village or part of any town or village, or any lane or street in any part of any town or village;
- (c) prohibit persons from leaving or entering any town, village or part of any town or village, or any lane or street in any part of any town or village, save under a permit under the hand of the Director of Medical Services or a Government Medical Officer authorized by him and subject to such conditions as to the Director of Medical Services or to such Medical Officer may seem fit in the interest of public health.»

16. Any order under regulation 15 may at the request of the officer issuing the same, be executed by a District Medical Officer, Medical Officer, Sanitary Inspector or any Peace Officer or Constable or a duly authorized officer or servant of the Medical Department or Municipal Corporation as the case may be.
17. Any expenses incurred in removing a patient or a contact to, or maintaining him in, a hospital or isolation station or in disinfecting or screening any house or premises shall be payable out of the general revenue of the Colony if the patient or owner of the house or premises is unable by reason of poverty or other cause to pay the same.
18. If bedding, clothing or other articles are disinfected by or with the approval of the Senior Medical Officer or District Medical Officer and if any of them suffer any damage thereby, the Medical Department shall compensate the owner for the same and shall also compensate the owner of any bedding, clothing or articles destroyed. The amount of any such compensation, in case of disagreement, shall be fixed by the Commissioner of the District whose decision thereon shall be final and conclusive. Provided that no compensation shall be paid where infection is due to the owner's default.
19. Every person shall answer to the best of his or her knowledge, information and belief, all questions put to him or her by any Government Medical Officer in charge of the District or locality, as to the existence or otherwise of any dangerous infectious disease in the house, village, town or quarter in which he or she resides.

20. No person shall remove or aid in the removal of any person suffering from dangerous infectious disease or a person who may reasonably be suspected to be infected with any dangerous infectious disease from the place in which he resides without the consent of the Government Medical Officer in charge of the District or locality.
21. No person shall lend for the purpose or residence, or let any house or any part of a house, or shall inhabit or permit to be inhabited any house or any part of a house in which a case of a dangerous infectious disease resided until such house or part thereof and all articles therein liable to infection have been properly disinfected and a certificate given to that effect by a Government or Municipal Medical Officer.
22. No person shall remove, expose, give, lend or sell clothing, bedding, rags, or effects, which have belonged to a person suffering from any dangerous infectious disease, before disinfection of the same has been carried out to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer in charge of the area. Any article which cannot be properly disinfected shall be destroyed.
23. In case of death from any dangerous infectious disease the Government Medical Officer may give such orders as he shall think necessary with regard to precautionary measures to be taken at the burial of such infected person and all persons within the town or village in which the death has occurred shall obey such lawful orders as may be given to them by such Medical Officer under these regulations.
24. No person shall cast or shall cause or permit to be cast into any dust-bin, manure heap, rubbish heap, rubbish or refuse any matter which he knows to be infected by any dangerous infectious disease without previous disinfection to the satisfaction of a Government Medical Officer.
25. Where any part of a building is occupied as a dwelling and any other part thereof is used as a school, factory, store, coffee-house or other shop or as a place of public resort or meeting, and it is certified by a Government Medical Officer that any person is or has been suffering from any dangerous infectious disease in the part occupied as a dwelling, the Senior Medical Officer may declare the whole of such building to be infected and may direct the owner, occupier or manager of such factory, store, coffee-house, shop or place or, in the case of a school, the school committee or person in charge of such school, to close such part of the building until such person has been removed from the building and the building has been cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of a Government Medical Officer.

26. Where any local area has been declared an infected local area the Senior Medical Officer or a Government Medical Officer may prohibit the attendance at any school of children resident within or without such infected area, or order the school committee or person in charge of any school within or without such area to close such school or to exclude certain children from attendance at such school.
27. When a Government Medical Officer finds or suspects that a person is suffering from any dangerous infectious disease who, in his opinion, is unable to provide himself with proper lodging or accommodation, or who is unable to take proper precautions to isolate himself effectually or otherwise take such steps as will prevent the spread of the disease by him, or who is unable to provide himself with necessary nursing, treatment, or attendance, he may direct such person to be removed to a hospital.
28. When any Medical Officer in charge or having the supervision of a hospital believes or suspects that a person who is in the hospital is suffering from any dangerous infectious disease and is of the opinion that the person on leaving the hospital would be unable to provide himself with proper lodging or accommodation or be unable to take proper precautions by effectually isolating himself or otherwise to prevent the spread of the disease by him, or to provide himself with necessary nursing, treatment or attendance he may direct such person to be detained in a hospital during such time as he shall think necessary.
29. A written order given by a Government Medical Officer in respect of sections 27 and 28 may be executed by a Sanitary Inspector, or an Officer of the Hospital or a Police Officer.
30. Any person who:—
- (a) while suffering from any dangerous infectious disease wilfully or without proper precautions against spreading the disease exposes himself in any public place or place of public resort or enters any public conveyance without previously notifying the owner or driver thereof that he is so suffering ; or
 - (b) being in charge of any person so suffering exposes such person: or
 - (c) gives, lends, sells, transmits or exposes without previous disinfection any article which has been exposed to infection from any such disease,

shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations. Provided that no proceeding- under paragraph (c) of this regulation shall be taken against persons transmitting with proper precautions any bedding' clothing, or other article for the purpose of having the same disinfected.

- 31.—(a) If the Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer authorized by him suspects that any person suffering from any dangerous infectious disease attributable to milk supplied from any dairy or mandra, or that any cow the milk of which is supplied from such dairy or mandra suffers from Bovine Tuberculosis, or that the consumption of milk from such dairy or mandra is likely to cause dangerous infectious disease to any person, he shall have power with or without assistance, to inspect the dairy or mandra and the animals therein and if on such inspection the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer is of opinion that any cow therein or any cow, the milk of which is supplied from such dairy or mandra, is affected with tubercular infection or if he is of opinion that any dangerous infectious disease is caused or likely to be caused from consumption of the milk supplied from such dairy or mandra, he shall make a report to the Veterinary Officer of the District and order the prohibition of sale of milk from that dairy or mandra till the person or his animal so infected have been removed and the place disinfected.
- (b) The Senior Medical Officer or any Government Medical Officer may examine any foodstuffs or any article exposed for sale or deposited in any place for the purpose of sale or in preparation for sale and intended for the food of man; and if it appears to the Senior Medical Officer or the Government Medical Officer that such foodstuff or article are likely to cause the spread of a dangerous infectious disease he may seize the same and any foodstuff or article so seized shall be dealt with in such manner as the Senior Medical Officer may direct.
- 32.—(1) The body of any person who has died in a hospital or isolation hospital from any dangerous infectious disease may not be removed therefrom without the permission in writing of the Medical Officer in charge or supervision thereof and then only:—
- (a) direct to the place of interment for the purpose of immediate burial; or
- (b) to a mortuary, which for the purpose of this section shall be deemed to be a part of a hospital or isolation hospital.
- (2) The person granting permission may impose such conditions as seen to him necessary in the interest of the public health.

33. A Government Medical Officer may direct that the body be buried immediately or within a time fixed by him when:—

- (a) the body of a person who has died from any dangerous infectious disease is retained in a room in which persons live, sleep or work;
- (b) the body of a person who has died of any dangerous infectious disease is retained without the authority in writing of a Medical Officer on any premises for more than twelve hours; or
- (c) any dead body is retained in any house so as to endanger the health of the inmates thereof or the inmates of any adjoining or neighbouring house or building.

34. Unless the relatives or friends of the deceased undertake to bury and in fact bury the body within the time fixed by a Government Medical Officer, it shall be the duty of the Medical Department to bury such body, and any expense so incurred may be recovered by them from any person legally liable to pay expenses of such burial.

35. Where a Government Medical Officer suspects that any person, the cause of whose death has not been certified by a Medical Practitioner, has died of any dangerous infectious disease he shall have power at any time to enter any premises and view the body of such person and if upon such view he finds grounds for such suspicion he shall have power if so directed by the Senior Medical Officer to make a post-mortem examination of the said body for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of death.

36. The Government Medical Officer shall have power, if he thinks fit, to cause the body to be removed to some convenient place which may be provided by the Medical Department for the purpose of making such examination and such removal shall be at the expense of the Medical Department.

37. [Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] (1) No person who knows or suspects that he is suffering from any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the First Schedule hereto shall carry on or be engaged in any trade or calling contained in the Second Schedule hereto.

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] (2) Κανένα πρόσωπο δεν ασκεί ή δεν απασχολείται σε επάγγελμα που αναφέρεται στο Δεύτερο Παράρτημα, αν δεν έχει Πιστοποιητικό Υγείας που να βεβαιώνει ότι δεν είναι φορέας ούτε πάσχει από οποιαδήποτε νόσο αναφερόμενη στο Τρίτο Παράρτημα.

(3) Το Πιστοποιητικό Υγείας που αναφέρεται στην παράγραφο (2) εκδίδεται από ιατρικό λειτουργό και ισχύει για περίοδο ενός χρόνου από την ημερομηνία της έκδοσης του.

38. [Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] (1) No employer shall knowingly employ any person suffering from any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the First Schedule hereto in any trade or calling contained in the Second Schedule hereto.

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] (2) Κανένας δεν εργοδοτεί οποιοδήποτε πρόσωπο σε επάγγελμα που αναφέρεται στο Δεύτερο Παράρτημα, αν ο εργοδοτούμενος δεν έχει το Ιατρικό Πιστοποιητικό που αναφέρεται στον Κανονισμό 37.

39. [Διαγράφηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] ~~Notwithstanding anything in regulations 37 and 38 contained the Senior Medical Officer or a Government Medical Officer may by a permit in writing allow of the employment of any person suffering from chronic trachoma in such trade or calling contained in the Second Schedule hereto, as may be specified in the permit:~~

~~Provided that such permit may be cancelled at any time if, in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer or a Government Medical Officer, the condition of the person to whom it was granted has changed in such a way as to render such person dangerous to public health.~~

- [Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] «39. Ο Διευθυντής μπορεί να δώσει γραπτές οδηγίες για εργοδότηση ή άσκηση των επαγγελμάτων που αναφέρονται στο Παράρτημα II σε άτομα που πάσχουν από νοσήματα που αναφέρονται στο Παράρτημα III.».

40. If the Senior Medical Officer, or any Government Medical Officer suspects that any person engaged in any trade or calling contained in the Second Schedule hereto is suffering from any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the First Schedule they may by themselves or by their authorized officer enter upon such premises where any such trade or calling is being carried on and examine the persons employed therein.

- [Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Ρ.980/35) - No. 89. 9/3/1944] « 40A. No person who knows that he is a carrier of any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the Third Schedule hereto shall carry on or be engaged in any trade or calling set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

40B. No employer shall knowingly employ any person being a carrier of any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the Third Schedule hereto in any trade or calling set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

40C. If the Director of Medical Services or any Government Medical Officer suspects that any person engaged in any trade or calling set out in the Second Schedule hereto is a carrier of any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the Third Schedule hereto he may by himself or by his authorized officer enter upon such premises where any such trade or calling is being carried on and examine the persons employed therein.»

[Διαγράφηκε από Μ.Π. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] ~~41. Whenever any dangerous infectious disease exists in any District or locality the Senior Medical Officer may prohibit the holding of fairs or any other festivals in such District or locality or may allow the holding of such fairs or festivals on such conditions as to him may seem fit in the interest of public health.~~

[Προστέθηκε από Μ.Π. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] 41.—(1) Where any dangerous infectious disease exists in any District, area, locality or place, or in any town or village, or in any part of any town or village, (hereinafter in this regulation called 'the infected area '), the Director of Medical Services may by an order under his hand—

- (a) prohibit the holding of any fair or festival in the infected area;
- (b) with the sanction of the Governor in writing previously obtained, prohibit the holding of any religious service or ceremony in any church or mosque situated in the infected area;
- (c) direct the closing of any mine, factory, workshop or place wherein or whereat persons are employed situated in the infected area;
- {d) direct the closing of any school, theatre, cinematograph theatre, hotel, khan, bar, coffee-house, club, and of any premises used for any public entertainment situated in the infected area.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any order made by the Director of Medical Services under paragraph (1) of this regulation, the Director of Medical Services may at his discretion by special permit under his hand authorize the doing of any act prohibited to be done by any such order, subject to such terms and conditions as may be specified in such special permit.»

42. For the purposes of these regulations—

[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Π.980/35) - No. 89. 9/3/1944] 'carrier ' means any person who harbours pathogenic organisms of any dangerous infectious disease mentioned in the Third Schedule hereto."

" contact " means any person who has come into contact with a person suffering from a dangerous infectious disease or with any article used by or about a person suffering from a dangerous infectious disease and who, in the opinion of the Senior Medical Officer or Government Medical Officer, is not sufficiently protected from infection by recent vaccination or by reason of his having already suffered from such disease.

Ordered in Council, this 12th day of October, 1935.

B. J. O'BRIEN,
Clerk of the Executive Council

(Μ.Π. 1748/11/2.)

[Διαγράφηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003] **FIRST SCHEDULE**

~~1. Smallpox.~~

~~2. Chickenpox.~~

~~3. Scarlet Fever.~~

~~4. Cholera.~~

~~5. Plague.~~

~~6. Diphtheria.~~

~~7. Epidemic Cerebrospinal Meningitis.~~

~~8. Typhus.~~

~~9. Typhoid.~~

~~10. Dysentery.~~

~~[Διαγράφηκε από (Μ.Π. 980/35.) 19/4/1940] 11. Pulmonary Tuberculosis.~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Π. 980/35.) 19/4/1940] « 11. Tuberculosis (all forms)»~~

~~12. Yellow Fever.~~

~~13. Dengue.~~

~~14. Measles.~~

~~15. Acute Anterior Polimyelitis.~~

~~16. Trachoma.~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Π. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] « 17. Anthrax.»²~~

² ~~[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Π. 1748/11/2.) 10/3/1937] The Quarantine (Public Health) Amendment Regulations, 1937, are hereby repealed.~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Ρ. 1251/10/5.) 2/2/1939] « 18. Whooping Cough.»~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από (Μ.Ρ. 980/35.) 20/10/1941] « 19. Relapsing Fever.»~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από Μ.Ρ. 2060/50 22/9/1958] «22. Malaria».~~

~~26. Σύνδρομο Επίκτητης Ανοσιολογικής Ανεπάρκειας ('AIDS').~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 280/86] 26. Σύνδρομο Επίκτητης Ανοσιολογικής Ανεπάρκειας ('AIDS').~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] 27. Λοίμωξη με τον ιό της ανθρώπινης ανοσιολογικής ανεπάρκειας [Human Immuno deficiency Virus Infection (H.I.V.)].~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 84/94] Ηπατίτιδα Α, Α.Ι.Δ.Σ.~~

~~[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003]~~

«ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ Ι

1. Αλλαντίαση
2. Ανεμευλογιά
3. Ανθρακας*
4. Βρουκέλλωση
5. Γρίπη
6. Διφθερίτιδα
7. Βακτηριακή Δυσεντερία
8. Ελονοσία
9. Ενδημικός Τύφος
10. Ερυθρά

11. Ερυθρά Συγγενής
12. Εχينوκοκκίαση
13. Ηπατίτιδα Α
14. Ηπατίτιδα Β
15. Ηπατίτιδα C
16. Άλλη Ιογενής Ηπατίτιδα
17. Ιογενείς αιμορραγικοί Πυρετοί*
18. Ιλαρά*
19. Κίτρινος Πυρετός*
20. Κοκκύτης
21. Λεγεωνέλλωση
22. Δερματική Λεισμανίαση
23. Σπλαχνική Λεισμανίαση
24. Λέπρα
25. Λεπτοσπείρωση
26. Λοίμωξη HIV/AIDS
27. Λύσσα
28. Ιογενής Μηνιγγίτιδα*
29. Μηνιγγιτιδοκοκκική Νόσος*
30. Μικροβιακή Μηνιγγίτιδα (άλλη)*
31. Πανώλης*
32. Παρωτίτιδα
33. Πολιομυελίτιδα*
34. Πυρετός Q
35. Τυφοειδής Πυρετός (Salmonella Typhi)
36. Άλλες Σαλμονελλώσεις
37. Σπογγώδης Εγκεφαλοπάθεια
38. Σύφιλη
39. Τέτανος

40. Τέτανος Νεογνικός

41. Φυματίωση

42. Χολέρα»

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 391/2003] «43. Σοβαρό Οξύ Αναπνευστικό Σύνδρομο (ΣΟΑΣ)»

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 710/2004]

««44. Λοίμωξη Αιμόφιλο Ινφλουέντζας type b (Διεισδυτική)*.

45. Ευλογιά.

46. Λοίμωξη από Χλαμύδια Τραχώματος (Γεννητικών Οργάνων).

47. Γονόρροια.

48. Καμπυλοβακτηρίδιο.

49. Κρυπτοσποριδίωση (Cryptosporidium parvum).

50. Γιαρδίαση (Giardia Lamblia).

51. Λοίμωξη από Εντεροαιμορραγική (Escherichia Coli).

52. Λιστερίωση.

53. Τοξοπλάσμωση.

54. Τριχίνωση.

55. Γερσινίωση.

56. Λοίμωξη από Στρεπτόκοκκο Πνευμονίας (Διεισδυτική Νόσος).

57. Τουλαραιμία».

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 411/2008] « 58. Γρίπη των πτηνών A/H5 ή A/ H5N1

59. Πυρετός Δυτικού Νείλου

60. Σύφιλη, Συγγενής και Νεογνική»

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 74/2020] «61. Αναπνευστικό Σύνδρομο Μέσης Ανατολής οφειλόμενο σε κορωνοϊό (MERS)

62. Κορωνοϊός COVID – 19».

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. Coffee keeper.
2. Confectioner.
3. Cook or any trade or calling in which person employed handles or comes in contact with articles of food or drink.
4. Butcher.
5. Baker.
6. Water-carrier or water-seller.
7. Ice-cream seller.
8. Dairy keeper or milk-seller.
9. Grocer.
10. Nurse.
11. Domestic servant.
12. Tailor and dress-maker.
13. Barber.
14. Hotel-keeper. Inn-keeper.
15. Bath-keeper.

[Προστέθηκε από (M.P.980/35) - Νο. 89. 9/3/1944]

«THIRD SCHEDULE.

Scarlet fever,
cholera,
diphtheria,
epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis,
typhoid fever,
dysentery and
pulmonary tuberculosis "».»

Ordered in Council, this 12th day of October, 1935.

B. J. O'BRIEN,
Clerk of the Executive Council

(M.P. 1748/11/2.)

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003]

«ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ IV

ΥΠΟΧΡΕΩΤΙΚΩΣ ΔΗΛΟΥΜΕΝΑ ΝΟΣΗΜΑΤΑ		
Διάρροια εντός 24 ωρών	Δυσεντερία Βακτηριακή (<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i> type 1)	Λεπτοσπειρώση
Λιμφοειδής αμυγδαλίτις	Ελονόσια	Λύσσα
Ενδημικός τύφος (<i>R. typhi</i>)	Ενδημικός τύφος (<i>R. typhi</i>)	Παρωτίτιδα
Κιτρινός πυρετός	Ερυθρά	Πυρετός Q
Μηνιγγίτιδα ιογενής *	Ερυθρά συγγενής	Σύνδρομο Μπιτς
Μηνιγγιτιδοκοκκική νόσος *	Εχινόκοκκωση	Σηψιλία
Μηνιγγίτιδα μικροβιακή (άλλη) *	Ηπατίτιδα Α	Σύνδρομο Επικριτικής Ανοσολογικής Ανεπάρκειας (AIDS)
Γάγγλη	Ηπατίτιδα Β	
Πολιομυελίτιδα	Ηπατίτιδα C	Σπογγώδης Εγκεφαλοπάθεια
Χολέρα	Ηπατίτιδα άλλη (ιογενής)	Τυφοειδής Πυρετός (<i>Salmonella typhi</i>)
Αλλαντίαση	Κοκκύτις	Σολιμονελλώσεις άλλες
Ανεμευλογιά	Λεγυνέλλωση	Τέτανος
Βρουκέλλωση	Λείσμανίαση Δερματική	Τέτανος νεογνικός
Γρίπη	Λείσμανίαση Σπλαχνική	Φυματίωση *
Διφθερίτιδα	Λέπρα	

να συμπληρώνεται επιπρόσθετα το αντίστοιχο ειδικό δελτίο δήλωσης

- Τα νοσήματα θα δηλώνονται με βάση το γχειρίδιο κατηγοριοποίησης των λοιμωδών νοσημάτων για σκοπούς καταγραφής.

- Τα νοσήματα με 24ωρη δήλωση πρέπει να δηλώνονται εντός 24ώρου τηλεφωνικά, με FAX ή email ταυτόχρονα στο Διευθυντή Ιατρικών Υπηρεσιών και Υπηρεσιών Δημόσιας Υγείας και στον Πρώτο/ή Υπεύθυνο Ιατρικό Λειτουργό κάθε Επαρχίας.

- Για την HIV λοίμωξη και το AIDS υπάρχει ειδικό σύστημα δήλωσης.

ΔΗΛΩΣΗ ΛΟΙΜΩΔΟΥΣ ΝΟΣΗΜΑΤΟΣ		
Ημερομηνία:/...../.....	Κωδικός:.....	Α/Α:.....
Δηλούμενο Νόσημα:.....		
Το νόσημα δηλώνεται ως: <input type="checkbox"/> Υποκίτο <input type="checkbox"/> Πιθανό <input type="checkbox"/> Βεβαιωμένο		
Φορέας που δηλώνει το νόσημα: Π.Λ.Α./Υ.Π.Λ.Α.....		
Στοιχεία ασθενούς: Επώνυμο:.....Όνομα:.....		
Ον. Πατρός: (για ηλικία μικρότερη των 12 χρόνων)..... Αρ Ταυτότητας:.....		
Ηλικία: Φύλο: <input type="checkbox"/> Άρρεν <input type="checkbox"/> Θήλυ		
Εθνικότητα:.....		
Επαρχία:..... Πόλη/Χωριό:.....		
Οδός/αριθμός:..... Τηλ:.....		
<input type="checkbox"/> Αλλοδαπός Εργαζόμενος <input type="checkbox"/> Μετανάστης <input type="checkbox"/> Επαναπατριζόμενος <input type="checkbox"/>		
Επισκέπτης <input type="checkbox"/> Μετακινούμενος πληθυσμιακές ομάδες		
Χώρα προέλευσης:..... Ημ/νία εισόδου:...../...../.....		
Πρόσφατο ταξίδι στο εξωτερικό: <input type="checkbox"/> Ναι <input type="checkbox"/> Όχι Ημ/νία ταξιδιού:.....		
Σε ποια χώρα:..... Παράγοντες Κινδύνου:.....		
Προδιαθεσικοί παράγοντες:.....		
Σύνδεση με άλλο κρούσμα ή έξαρση κρουσμάτων: <input type="checkbox"/> Ναι <input type="checkbox"/> Όχι		
Αν ναι προσδιορίστε:.....		
Ημ/νία έναρξης συμπτωμάτων:...../...../.....		
Εισαγωγή σε Νοσοκομείο/κλινική: <input type="checkbox"/> Ναι <input type="checkbox"/> Όχι		
Σε ποιο:..... Ημ/νία:...../...../.....		
Κατάσταση εμφωλιασμού για το συγκεκριμένο νόσημα:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Πλήρης <input type="checkbox"/> Μερικός <input type="checkbox"/> Καθόλου		
Πορεία / Έκβαση νόσου: <input type="checkbox"/> Εξελισσόμενη πορεία <input type="checkbox"/> Ίαση		
<input type="checkbox"/> Μόνιμες βλάβες <input type="checkbox"/> Θάνατος		
Γενικά σχόλια:.....		
Ονοματεπώνυμο γιατρού:..... Τηλέφωνο:.....		
<input type="checkbox"/> Κρατικό Νοσοκομείο <input type="checkbox"/> Αστικό / Αγροτικό Υ.Κ.		
<input type="checkbox"/> Ιδιωτικό ιατρείο / κλινική/Νοσοκομείο		
Υπογραφή:.....		

2034

[Προστέθηκε από Κ.Δ.Π. 334/2003]

ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ V

ΕΠΙΔΗΜΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΟ ΔΕΛΤΙΟ ΔΙΑΔΟΣΗΣ ΚΡΟΥΣΜΑΤΩΝ AIDS ΚΑΙ HIV ΛΟΙΜΩΞΗΣ

1. Αύξων αριθμός
2. Αριθμός νοσηλείας
3. Αριθμός νοσηλείας HIV-θετικού συντρόφου (σε ισχύ) *
4. Ημερομηνία διάγνωσης
5. Ημερομηνία δήλωσης
6. Φύλο: Άνδρας ☐ Γυναίκα ☐
7. Ηλικία
8. Εθνικότητα (και εθνική μειονότητα *) (.....)
9. Κωδικός *
10. Επαγία *
11. Χώρα καταγωγής
12. Χώρα μόνιμης διαμονής
13. Χώρα μακράς ή βραχείας παραμονής όπου έγιναν α. χρήση ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών, β. χειρουργικές επεμβάσεις, γ. μεταγγίσεις, δ. σεξουαλικές επαφές *

Χώρα	Από	Μέχρι	α.	β.	γ.	δ.
Χώρα	Από	Μέχρι	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Χώρα	Από	Μέχρι	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Χώρα	Από	Μέχρι	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14. Επάγγελμα *
15. Επίπεδο μόρφωσης *

Χωρίς μόρφωση	<input type="checkbox"/>
Δημοτικό	<input type="checkbox"/>
Μέση	<input type="checkbox"/>
Πανεπιστήμιο	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κολέγιο	<input type="checkbox"/>
Άγνωστο	<input type="checkbox"/>
16. Οικογενειακή κατάσταση * (μπορείτε να σημειώσετε περισσότερα από ένα)

Ανύπαντρος/η	<input type="checkbox"/>
Παντρεμένος/η	<input type="checkbox"/>
Αρραβωνιασμένος/η	<input type="checkbox"/>
Χήρος/α	<input type="checkbox"/>
Διαζευγμένος/η	<input type="checkbox"/>
Συμβίσιος/α	<input type="checkbox"/>
Άγνωστη	<input type="checkbox"/>
17. Απτομέρειες διαμονής ή/και διακίνησης στην Κύπρο και το εξωτερικό

Κύριος στην Κύπρο (λίγα ή καθόλου ταξίδια)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κύριος στην Κύπρο που ταξιδεύει συστηματικά στο εξωτερικό	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κύριος φοιτητής εξωτερικού	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κύριος πρώην κάτοικος εξωτερικού που τώρα διαμένει στην Κύπρο	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κύριος μόνιμος κάτοικος εξωτερικού	<input type="checkbox"/>
Κύριος πρώην κάτοικος Κύπρου τώρα στο εξωτερικό	<input type="checkbox"/>
Αλλοδαπός μόνιμος κάτοικος εξωτερικού	<input type="checkbox"/>
Αλλοδαπός που διαμένει μόνιμα στην Κύπρο	<input type="checkbox"/>
Αλλοδαπός που επισκέπτεται συχνά την Κύπρο	<input type="checkbox"/>
Άγνωστα στοιχεία	<input type="checkbox"/>

2036

18. Πιθανός (δηλωμένος) τρόπος μετάδοσης

- Σεξουαλική επαφή ☐
- Αίμα και παράγωγα ☐
- Από μητέρα στο παιδί ☐
- Χρήση ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών ☐
- Άγνωστος ☐

19. Ειδικά χαρακτηριστικά (μπορείτε να σημειώσετε περισσότερα από ένα)

- Ευτροφιλός ☐
- Ομοφιλός ☐
- Αμφιφιλός ☐
- Αιμορροφιλικός ☐
- Θαλασσαιμικός ☐
- Πολυμεταγγεζόμενος για άλλη αιτία ☐
- Άτομο που μεταγγίστηκε περιτυπωτά ☐
- Ιερόδοξη ☐
- Άτομο χαμηλής νοημοσύνης ☐
- Εθελοντική εξέταση ☐
- Χρήστης ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών ☐
- Χρήστης μη ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών ☐
- Μετάγγιση αίματος ☐
- Μετάγγιση παραγώγων αίματος ☐
- Άτομο με σεξουαλικά μεταδιδόμενο νόσημα ☐
- Άτομο με χαμηλό δείκτη νοημοσύνης ☐
- Ξένος επαγγελματίας ☐
- Στρατιώτης των Ηνωμένων Εθνών ☐
- Υπάλληλος Υπαρκτού εισιρίου ☐

20. Άλλα άτομα που εξετάστηκαν προληπτικά

- Σχέση με το οροθετικό άτομο ☐
- Αποτέλεσμα- θετικό (Θ), αρνητικό (Α) ☐
- Αριθμός νοσηλευτικού (για Θ) ☐

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

21. Λόγος εξέτασης

- Μόνιμος σύντροφος οροθετικού ☐
- Πιθανή μετάδοση από σεξουαλική επαφή ☐
- Συμπτώματα AIDS ☐
- Ξένος εργατής ☐
- Ξένος φοιτητής ☐
- Ξένη καλλιτέχνης ☐
- Ιερόδοξη ☐
- Άτομο που εξετάστηκε επειδή έχει σεξουαλικά μεταδιδόμενο νόσημα ☐
- Πιστοποιητικό σε Κύριο ☐
- Εγκαιροσύνη ☐
- Φυλακισμένος ☐
- Εθελοντική εξέταση ☐
- Χρήστης ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών ☐
- Χρήστης μη ενδοφλέβιων ναρκωτικών ☐
- Μετάγγιση αίματος ☐
- Μετάγγιση παραγώγων αίματος ☐
- Αιμοδοσία ☐
- Εξέταση ρουτίνας σε εσωτερικό ασθενή ☐
- Πιθανή μετάδοση από σεξουαλική επαφή ☐
- Παιδί που γεννιέται από οροθετική μητέρα ☐
- Άλλος λόγος (καθορίστε) ☐

2037

Η σελίδα αυτή να συμπληρώνεται κατά την αρχική διάγνωση και επίσης να συμπληρώνεται κάθε φορά που υπάρχει μεταβολή στα κλινικά και εργαστηριακά δεδομένα του οροθετικού ατόμου ή ασθενούς με AIDS και να αποστέλλεται στο Γραφείο Υγείας, στην Γενική Διεύθυνση Υπηρεσιών για την Επιδημιολογική Παρακολούθηση HIV/AIDS – φαξ 434451, τηλ. 389343 / 389339

Αριθμός νοσοκομείου: Κωδικός:

22. Πυρροποίηση: Κυβερνητικός τομέας ☐ Ιδιωτικός τομέας ☐

23. Αρχική ανάλυση: Κυβερνητικός τομέας ☐ Ιδιωτικός τομέας ☐

24. Εργαστηριακό αποτέλεσμα

Αντισωμα	Θετικό	Αρνητικό	Έγινε WB	Δεν έγινε WB
HIV-1	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HIV-2	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

25. Στάδιο προσβολής κατά τη διάγνωση

Α. Σταδιοποίηση χωρίς CD4:

Ασυμπτωματικό άτομο ☐AIDS ☐

Β. Σταδιοποίηση με CD4: *

A1	<input type="checkbox"/>	B1	<input type="checkbox"/>	C1	<input type="checkbox"/>
A2	<input type="checkbox"/>	B2	<input type="checkbox"/>	C2	<input type="checkbox"/>
A3	<input type="checkbox"/>	B3	<input type="checkbox"/>	C3	<input type="checkbox"/>

26. Επίπεδο CD4 (αν ισχύει) *

Ημερομηνία πρώτης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

Ημερομηνία δεύτερης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

Ημερομηνία τρίτης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

(η δεύτερη και τρίτη ανάλυση να δηλώνονται μόνο σε περίπτωση που παρατηρείται σημαντική αλλαγή στο αποτέλεσμα)

27. Ίκτο φορτίο (αν ισχύει) *

Ημερομηνία πρώτης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

Ημερομηνία δεύτερης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

Ημερομηνία τρίτης ανάλυσης: Αποτέλεσμα:

(η δεύτερη και τρίτη ανάλυση να δηλώνονται μόνο σε περίπτωση που παρατηρείται σημαντική αλλαγή στο αποτέλεσμα)

28. Εξέλιξη ασθενούς * (μπορείτε να δώσετε περισσότερες από μία απάντηση)

Ασυμπτωματικό άτομο χωρίς αντιρετροϊκή θεραπεία	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Ασυμπτωματικό άτομο σε αντιρετροϊκή θεραπεία	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ημερομηνία έναρξης θεραπείας*
Ασθενής με AIDS σε αντιρετροϊκή θεραπεία	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ημερομηνία έναρξης θεραπείας*
Ασθενής με AIDS χωρίς αντιρετροϊκή θεραπεία	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Ασυμπτωματικό άτομο που ανέπτυξε AIDS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ημερομηνία έναρξης συμπτωμάτων*
Πέθανε από AIDS	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ημερομηνία θανάτου*
Πέθανε από άλλη αιτία	<input type="checkbox"/>	Ημερομηνία θανάτου*
Άγνωστο	<input type="checkbox"/>	

29. Αιτία θανάτου (αν είναι γνωστή) *

30. Άλλες πληροφορίες που θεωρείτε σημαντικές

* Να συμπληρωθεί για όλα τα άτομα, εκτός από αλλοδαπούς που ήρθαν για επαγγελματική απασχόληση ή σπουδές *